

# ÇEV 361

# Coğrafi Bilgi Sistemleri ve

# Uzaktan Algılama

Uzaktan Algılamada Çevre  
Mühendisliği Uygulamaları

© Doç. Dr. Özgür ZEYDAN

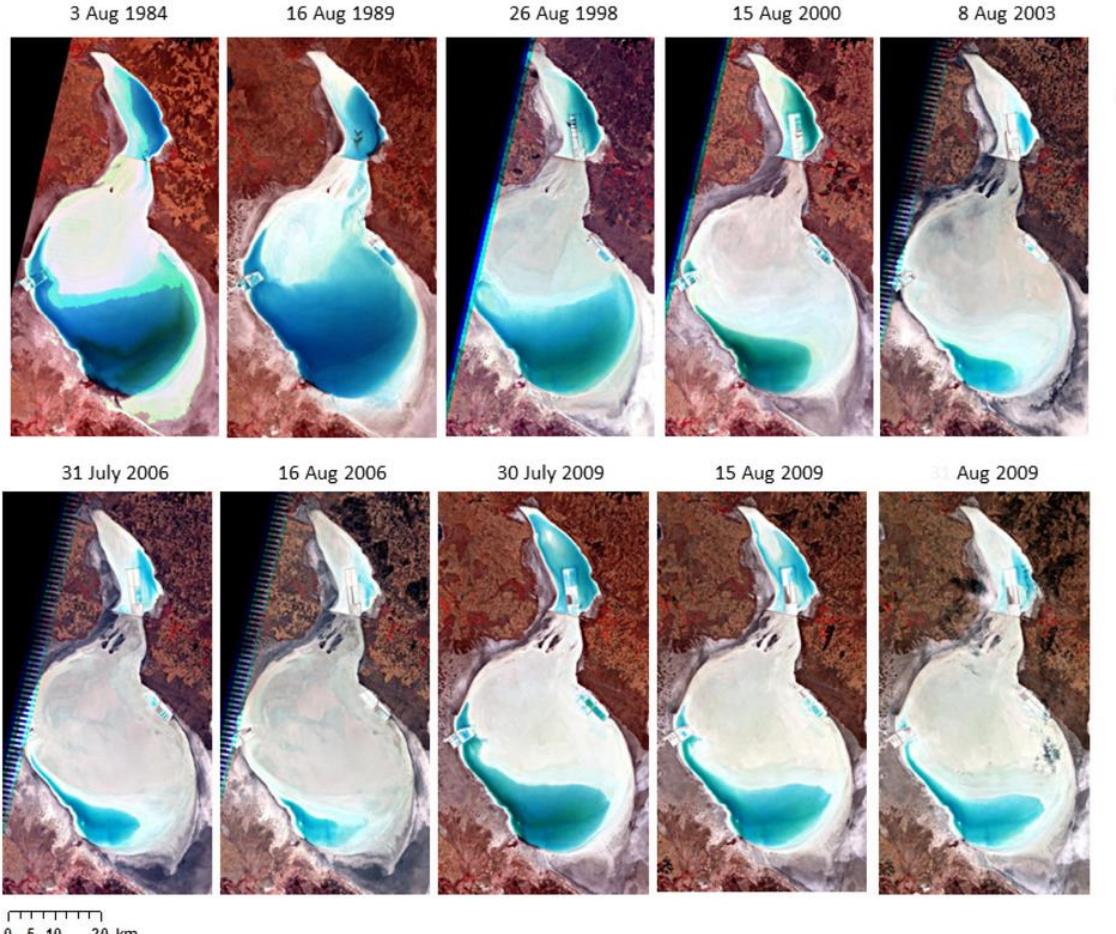
<http://www.ozgurzeydan.com/>

# Örnek Uygulamalar

- Değişiklik belirleme
- Su kalitesi
  - Ötrophikasyon
  - Deniz salyası
  - Deniz suyu sıcaklığı
  - Petrol sızıntıları
- Hava kalitesi
  - Toz taşınımı
  - Atmosferik ozon,  $\text{NO}_2$
- Orman yangınları

# Değişiklik Belirleme

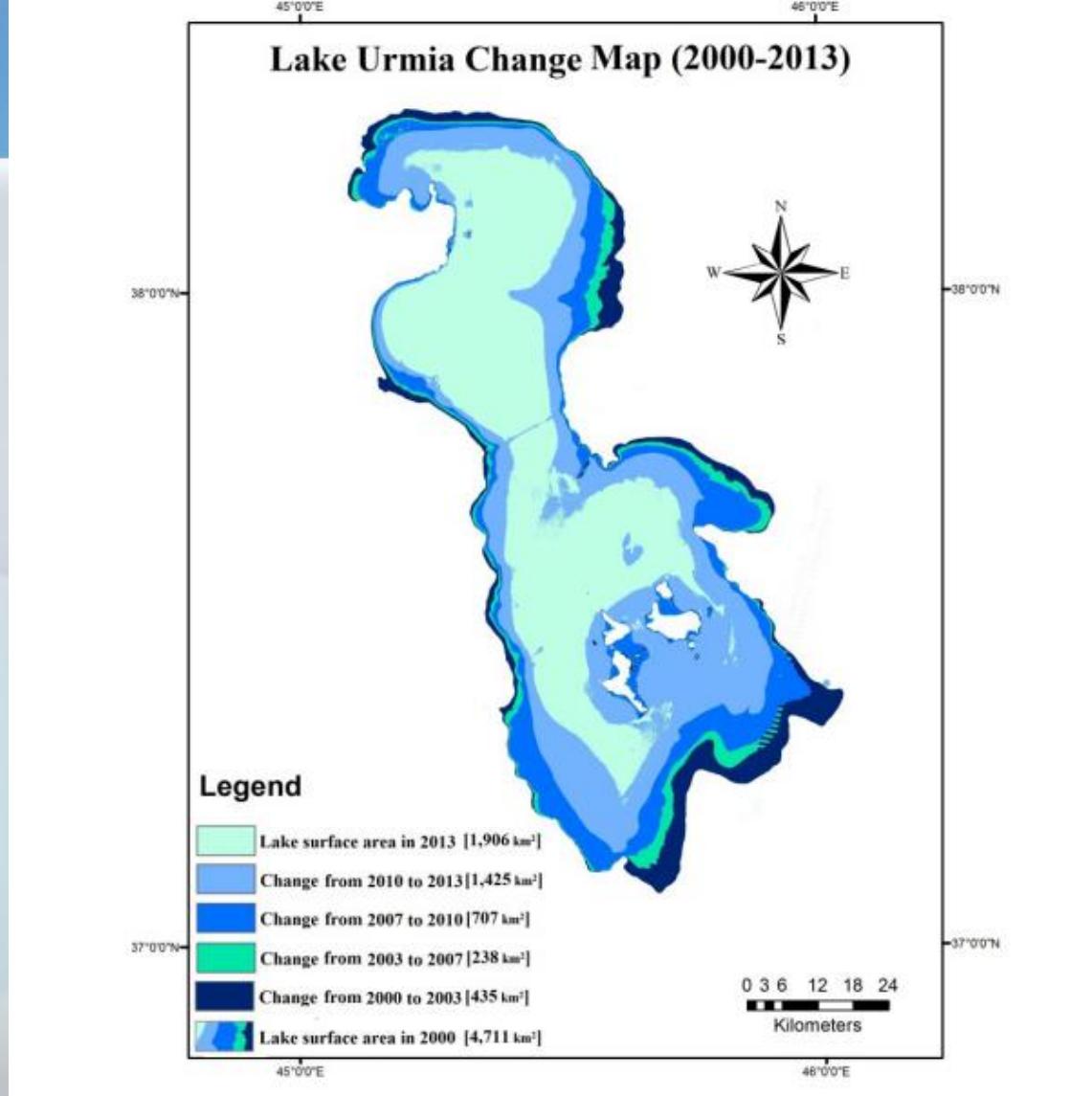
Landsat TM (Bands 4,3,2) : Tuz Gölü, 1984-2009



Landsat TM colour composite images (Red, Green, Blue = TM 4, 3, 2) showing Tuz Gölü for the months of July and August from 1984 to 2009. The blue patches represent shallow water

Odongo, V.O.; Hamm, N.A.S.; Milton, E.J. Spatio-Temporal Assessment of Tuz Gölü, Turkey as a Potential Radiometric Vicarious Calibration Site. *Remote Sens.* **2014**, *6*, 2494-2513.

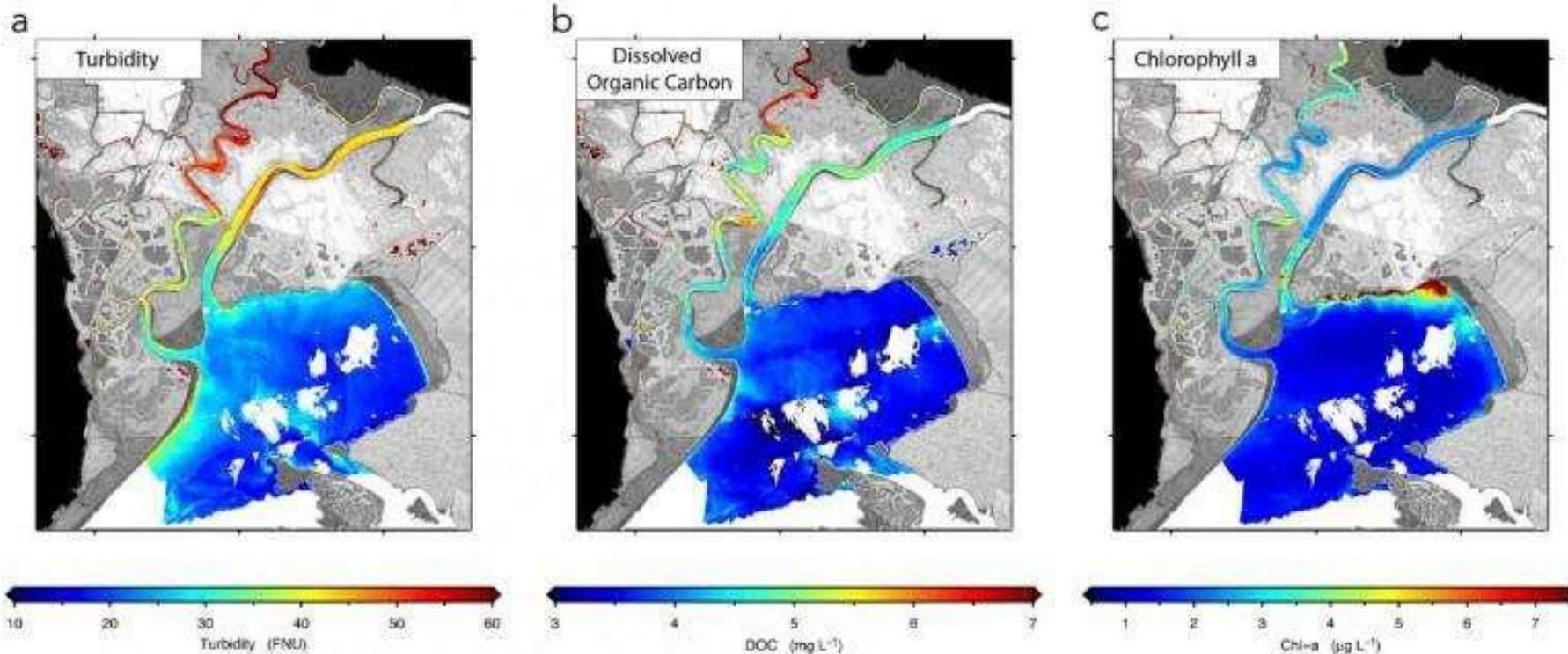
**Figure 3.** Lake Urmia surface area changes map in the period 2000–2013.



Rokni, K.; Ahmad, A.; Selamat, A.; Hazini, S. Water Feature Extraction and Change Detection Using Multitemporal Landsat Imagery. *Remote Sens.* **2014**, *6*, 4173-4189.



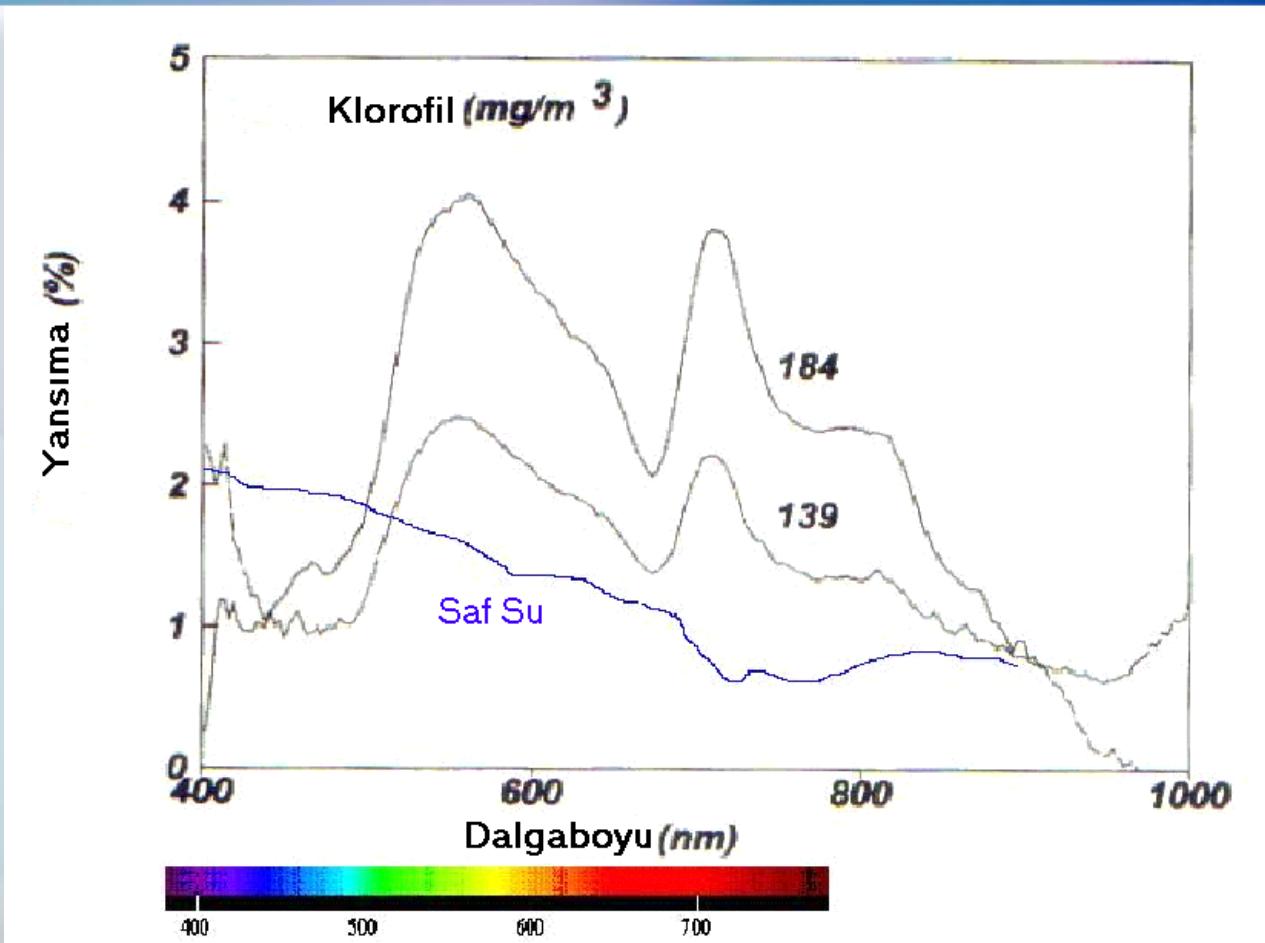
# Portable Remote Imaging Spectrometer



<https://prism.jpl.nasa.gov/index.html>

<https://phys.org/news/2016-02-nasa-airborne-quality-sensor.html>

# Sudaki Klorofil Konsantrasyonuna Bağlı Olarak Yansıma Özelliklerinin Değişmesi



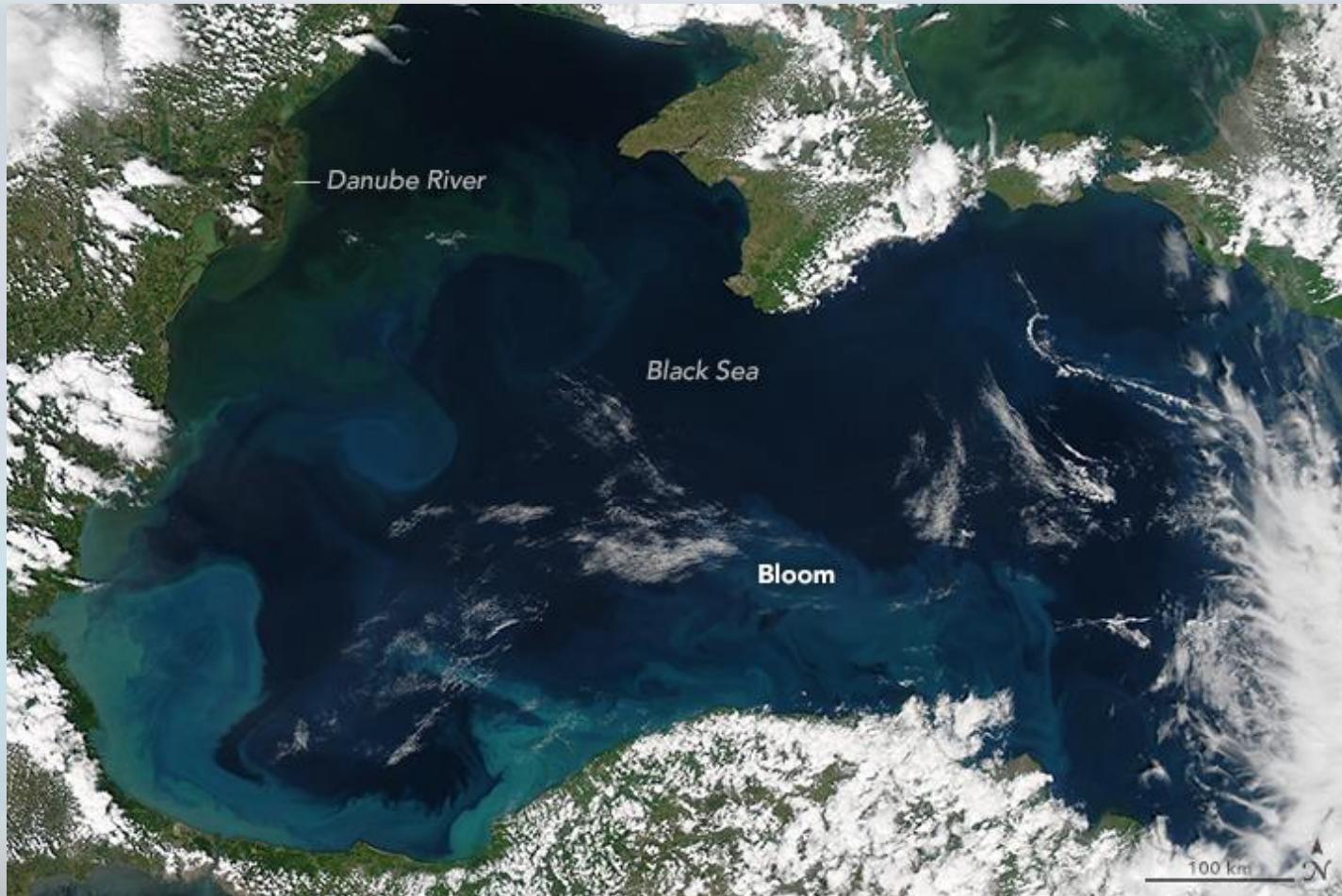
Schalles, J.F., Schiebe, F.R., Starks P.J., Troeger W.W., 1997, "Estimation of algal and suspended sediment loads (singly and combined) using hyperspectral sensors and integrated mesocosm experiments", Proceedings of the 4<sup>th</sup> International Conference on remote Sensing for Marine and Coastal Environments, 1, pp. 247-248

# Landsat TM görüntüler ve Klorofil-a

Table 3. Correlation coefficients for various models

Model No.	Variables	R	Std. Error of the Estimate
1	Chlorophyll-a and Log(B2/B3) (Log(Green/Red))	0.112	1.07467
2	Chlorophyll-a and B2/B3 (Green/Red)	0.156	1.06835
3	Chlorophyll-a and B3 (Red)	0.734	0.73443
4	Chlorophyll-a and B2 (Green)	0.864	0.54441
5	Total Suspended Solids and B3/(B1+B2+B3)	0.244	5.4979
6	Total Suspended Solids and B3	0.147	5.6073
7	Turbidity and B3/(B1+B2+B3)	0.461	10.7484
8	Turbidity and B3	0.247	11.7382
9	Ln(Turbidity) and B3	0.171	-

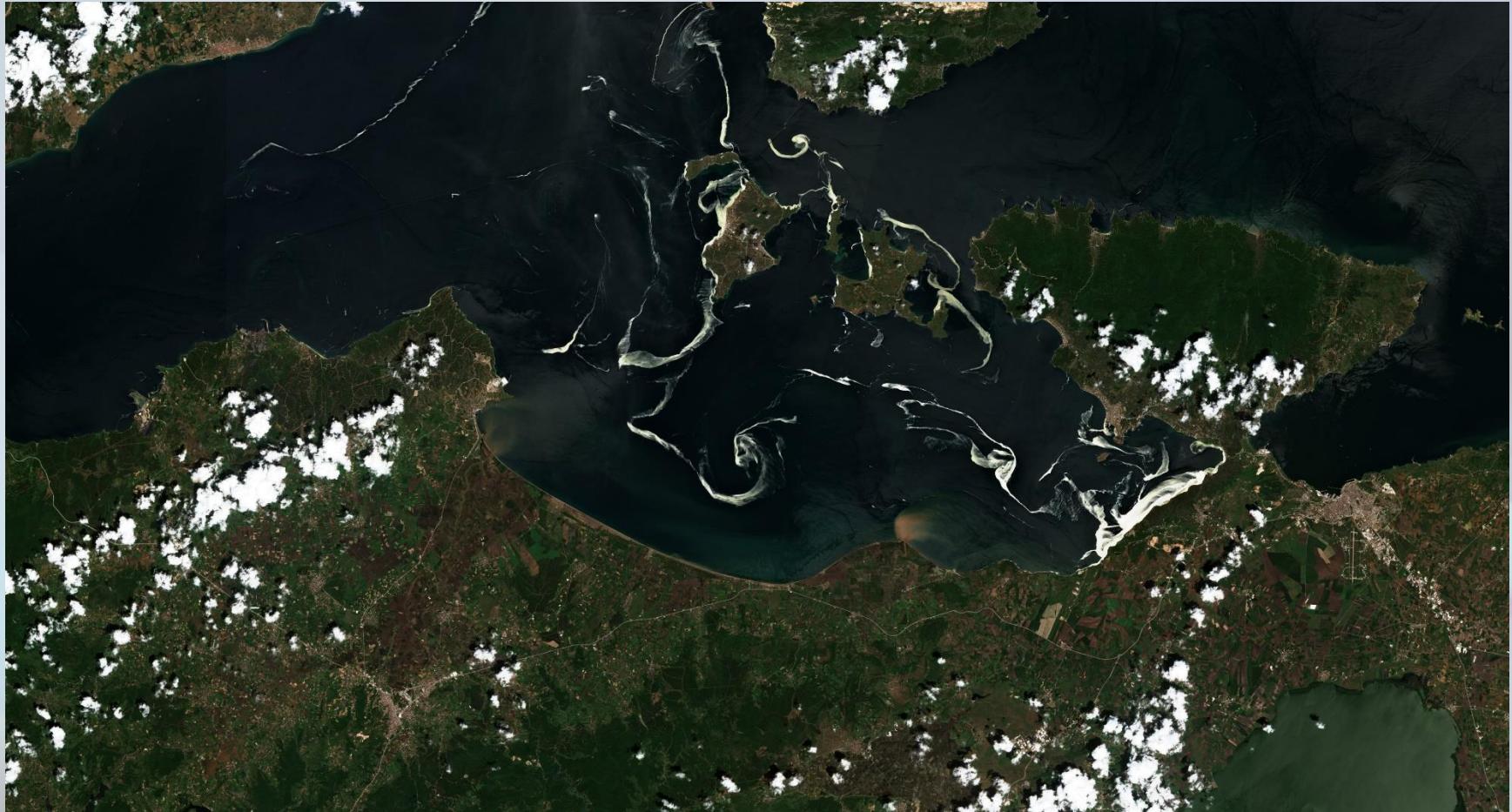
# Uzaktan Algılama - Ötrotifikasyon



<https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/NaturalHazards/view.php?id=88017>

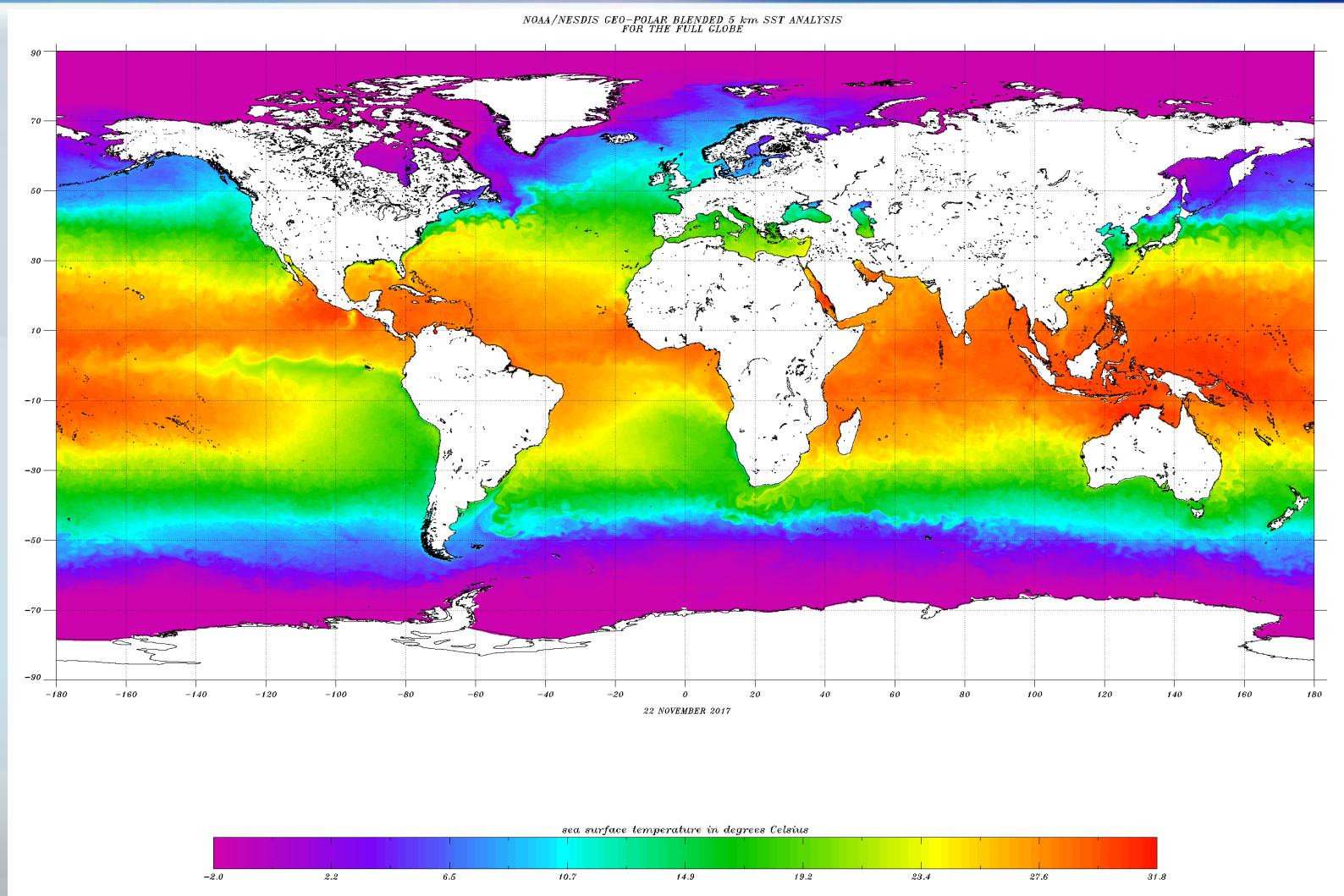
# Deniz Salyası (Müsilaj)

Sentinel2 görüntüsü



[https://mobile.twitter.com/copernicuseu/status/1400699610914557956?ref\\_src=twsrc%5Etfw](https://mobile.twitter.com/copernicuseu/status/1400699610914557956?ref_src=twsrc%5Etfw)

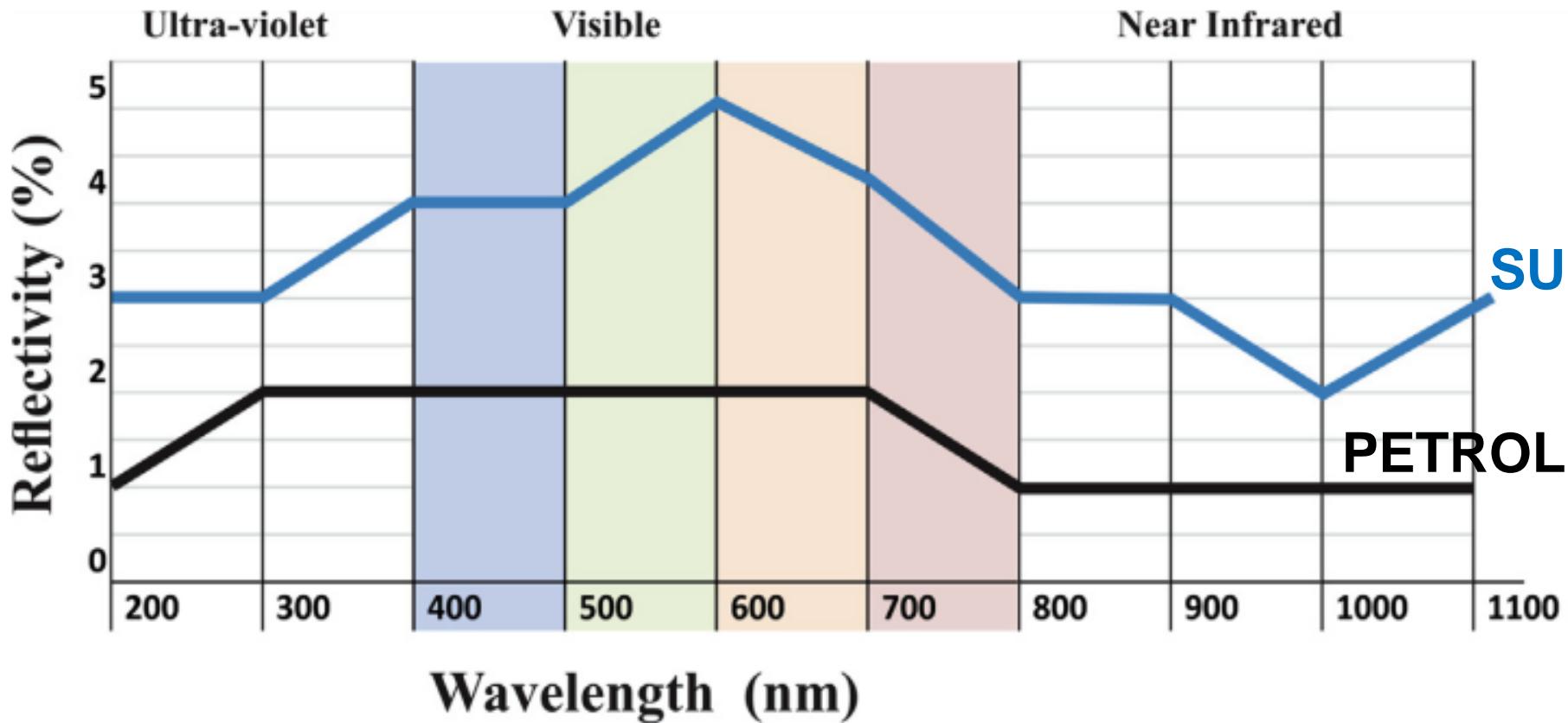
# Deniz Yüzey Sıcaklığı



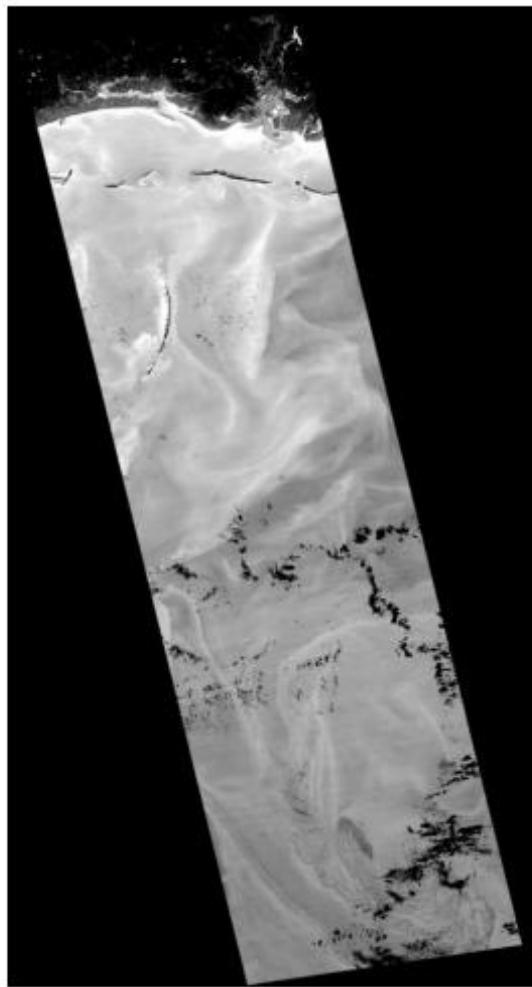
<http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/ocean/sst/contour/index.html>

# Petrol Sızıntıları

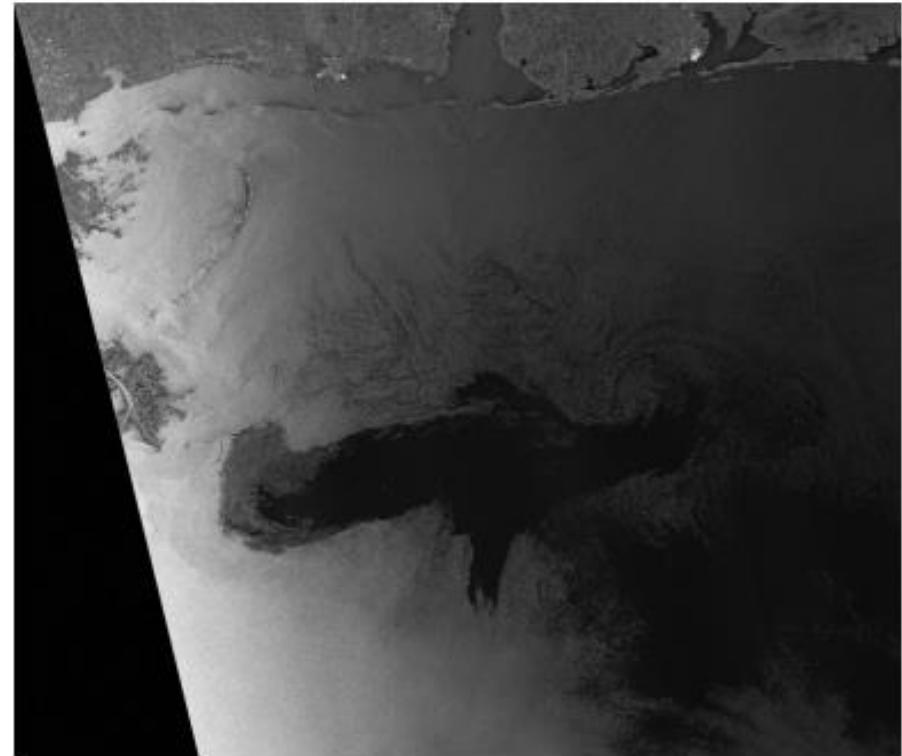
M. Fingas, C. Brown / Marine Pollution Bulletin 83 (2014) 9–23



# Petrol Sızıntıları



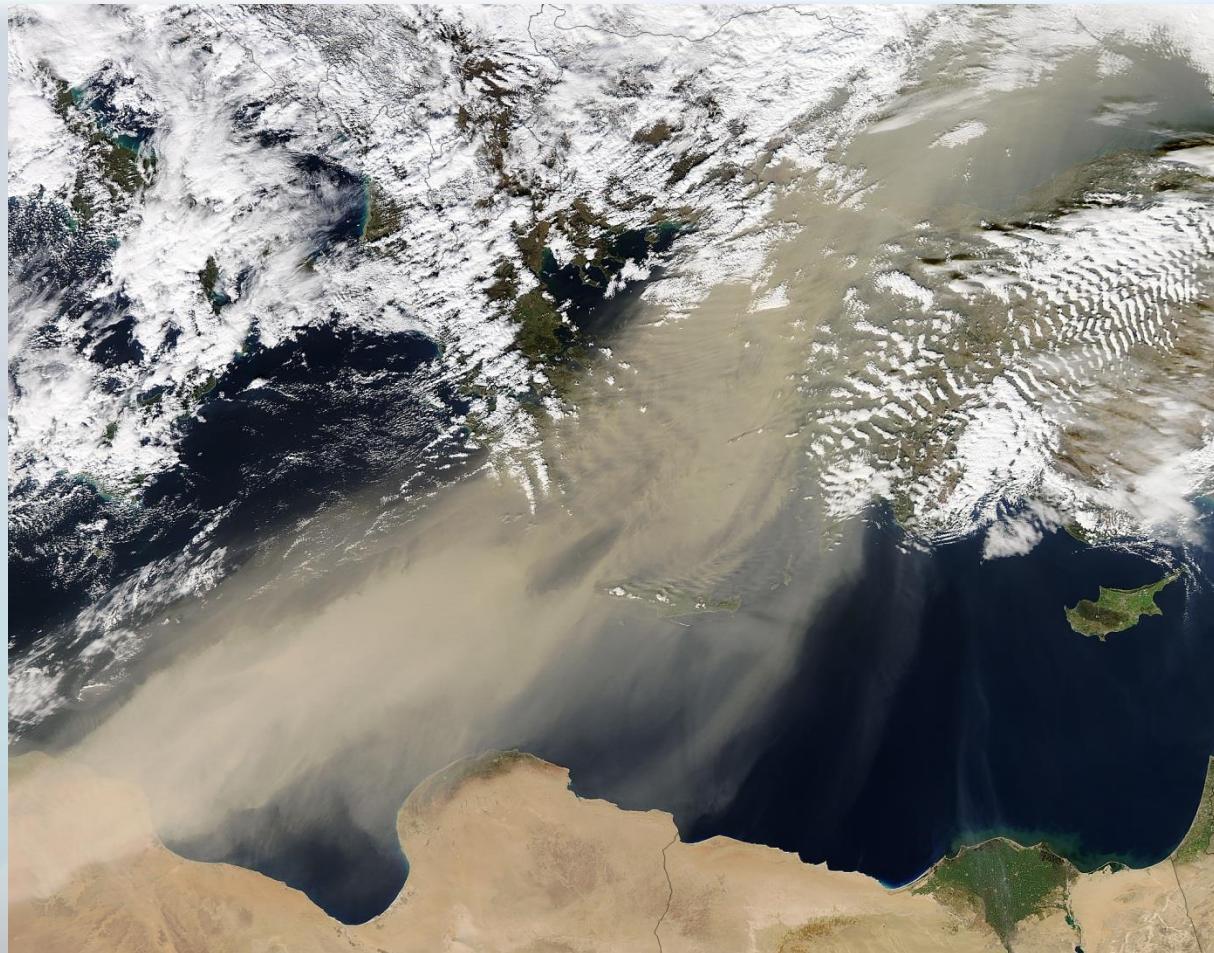
**Fig. 5.** An infrared image of the Gulf spill in 2010. The black objects near the middle and lower portions of the oil are oil. The black objects near the top are islands and shoreline. The oil slick is patchy as the sheen does not show up. This image is from the infrared sensor ASTER on the Terra satellite (NASA).



**Fig. 8.** The Deepwater Horizon as imaged by Radarsat (EOSANP).

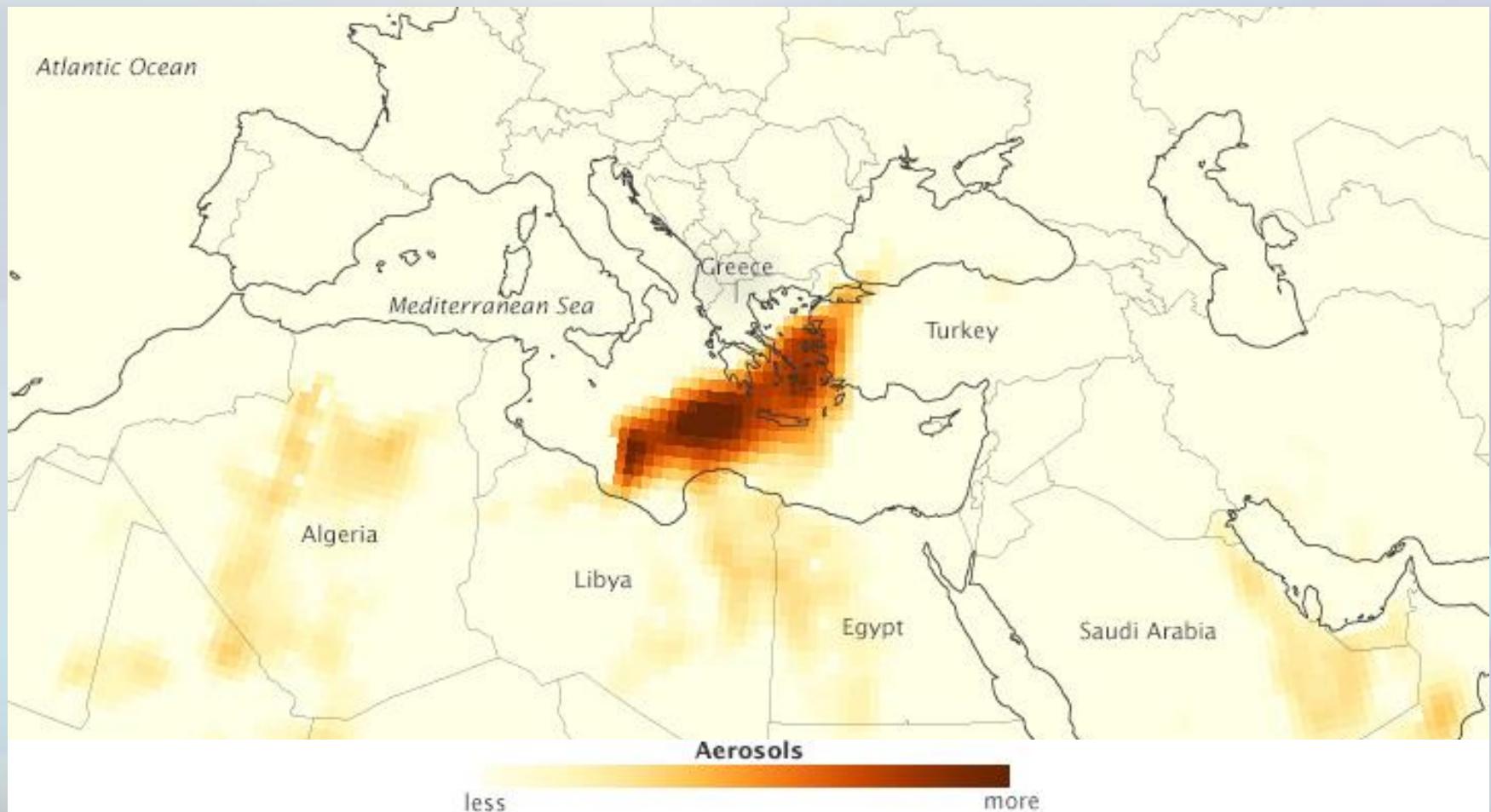
M. Fingas, C. Brown / Marine Pollution Bulletin 83 (2014) 9–23

# Toz Taşınımı



<https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/NaturalHazards/view.php?id=85218>

# Toz Taşınımı



<https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/NaturalHazards/view.php?id=85218>

# Partikül Madde

Atmospheric Pollution Research 10 (2019) 1565–1576

HOSTED BY

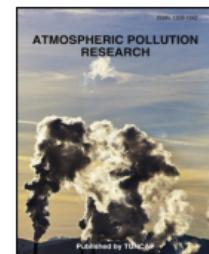


ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](#)

## Atmospheric Pollution Research

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/apr](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/apr)



## Using MODIS derived aerosol optical depth to estimate ground-level PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations over Turkey

Özgür Zeydan<sup>a,\*</sup>, Yuhang Wang<sup>b</sup>



<sup>a</sup> Department of Environmental Engineering, Zonguldak Bülent Ecevit University, Zonguldak, 67100, Turkey

<sup>b</sup> School of Earth & Atmospheric Sciences, Georgia Institute of Technology, Atlanta, GA, 30332, USA

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apr.2019.05.005>

# Partikül Madde

Ö. Zeydan and Y. Wang

Atmospheric Pollution Research 10 (2019) 1565–1576

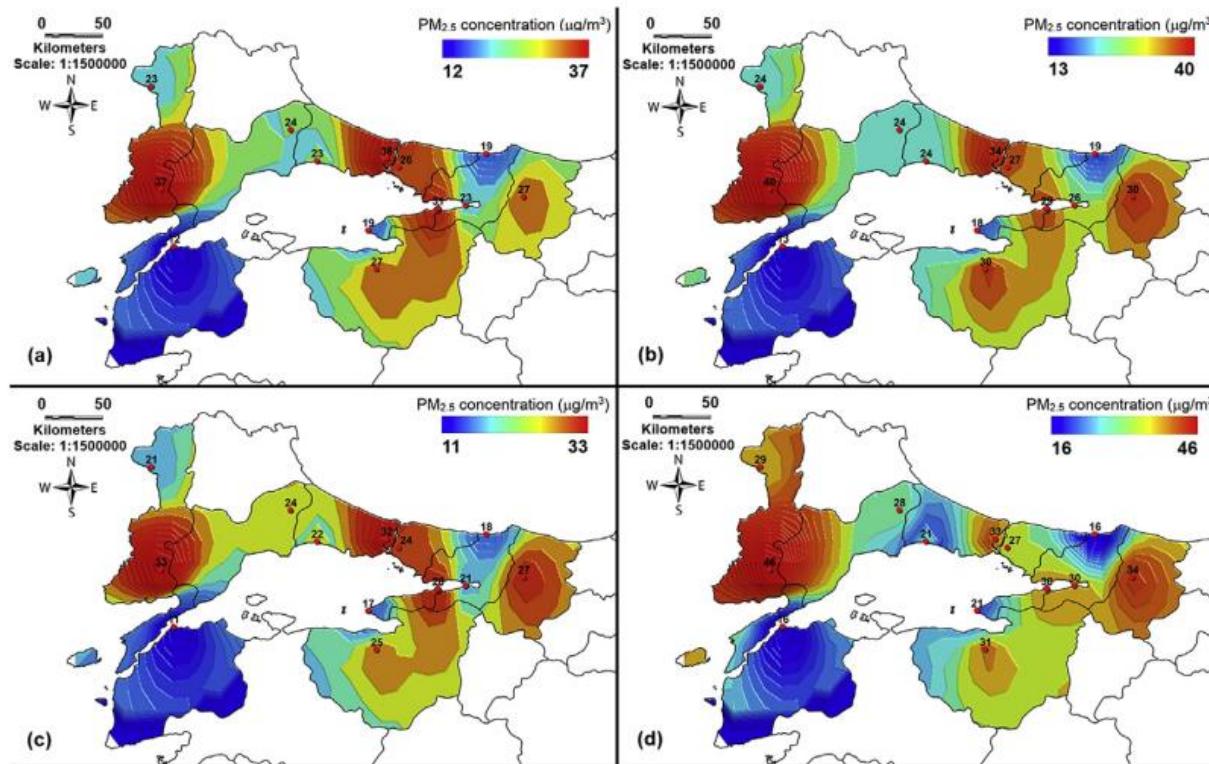
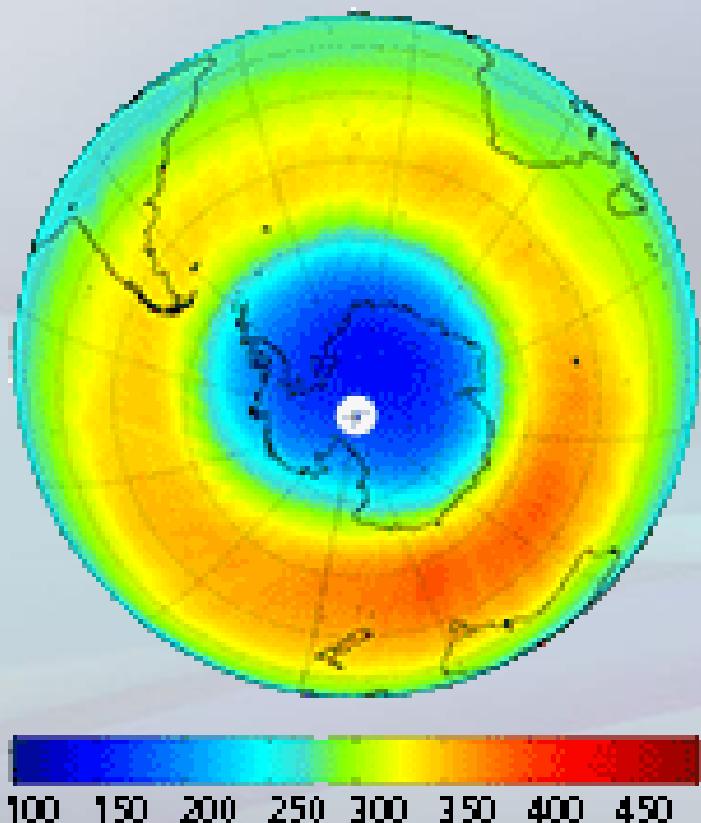


Fig. 4. Average PM<sub>2.5</sub> distribution maps in heating seasons a: 2012–2013, b: 2013–2014, c: 2014–2015 and d: 2015–2016.

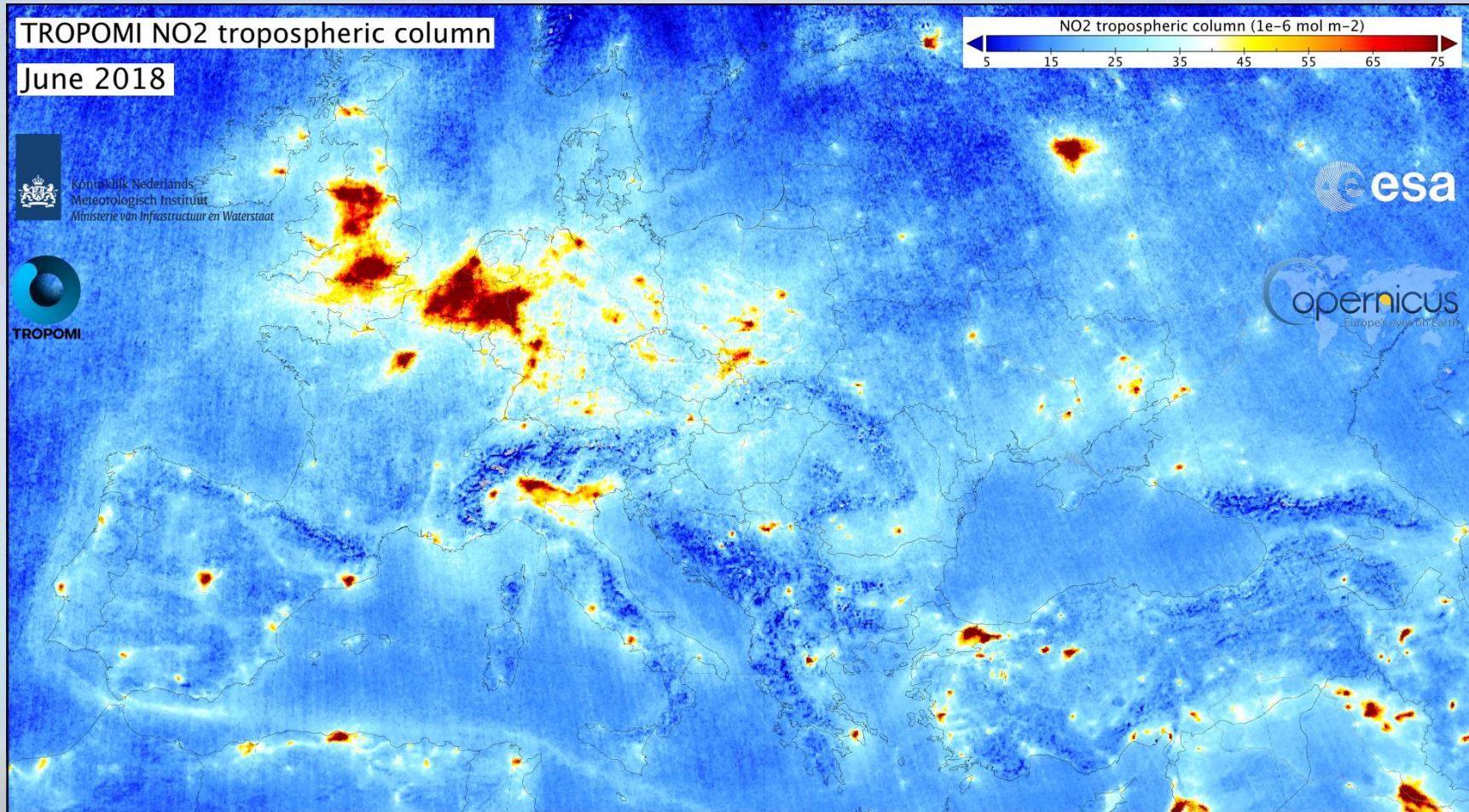
# Stratosferik Ozon İncelmesi

**Total Ozone Columns (DU)**  
**1996**

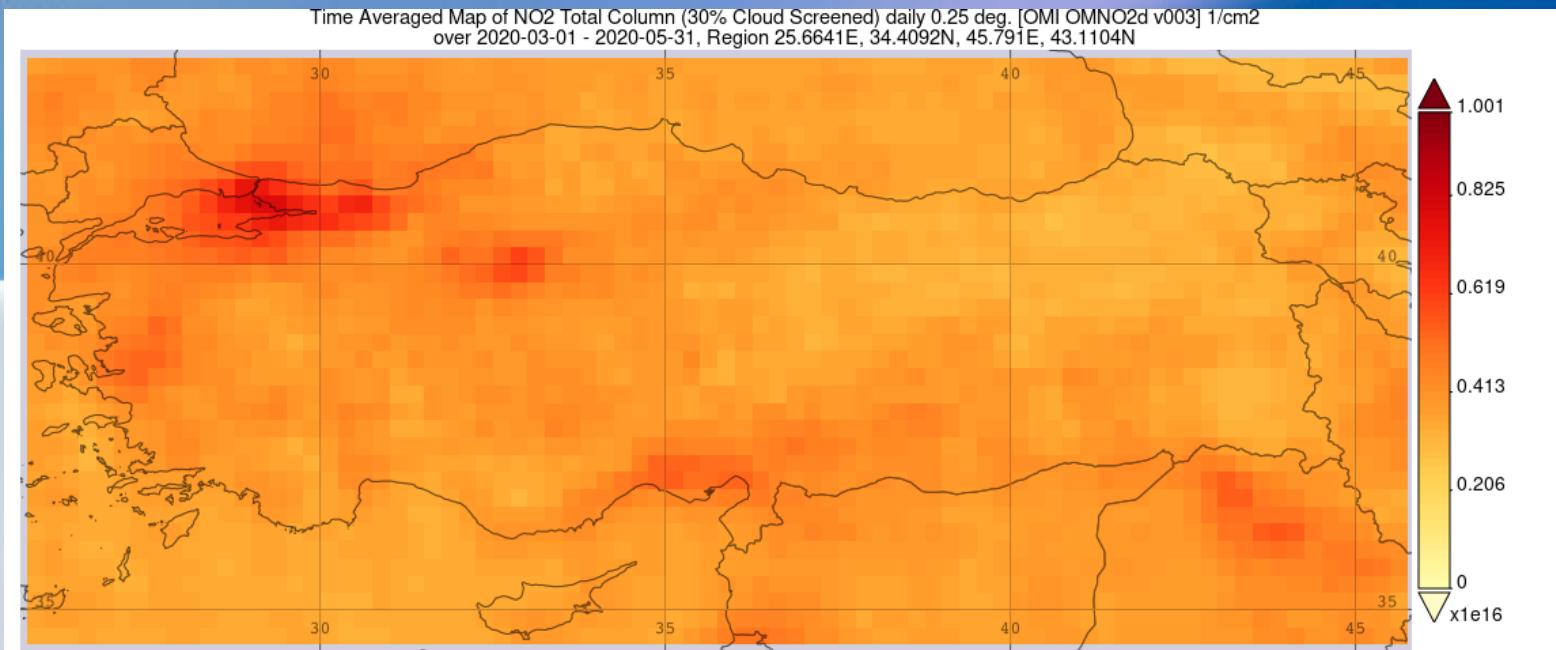


<http://www.theozonehole.com/ozoneholehistory.htm>

# Atmosferik NO<sub>2</sub>

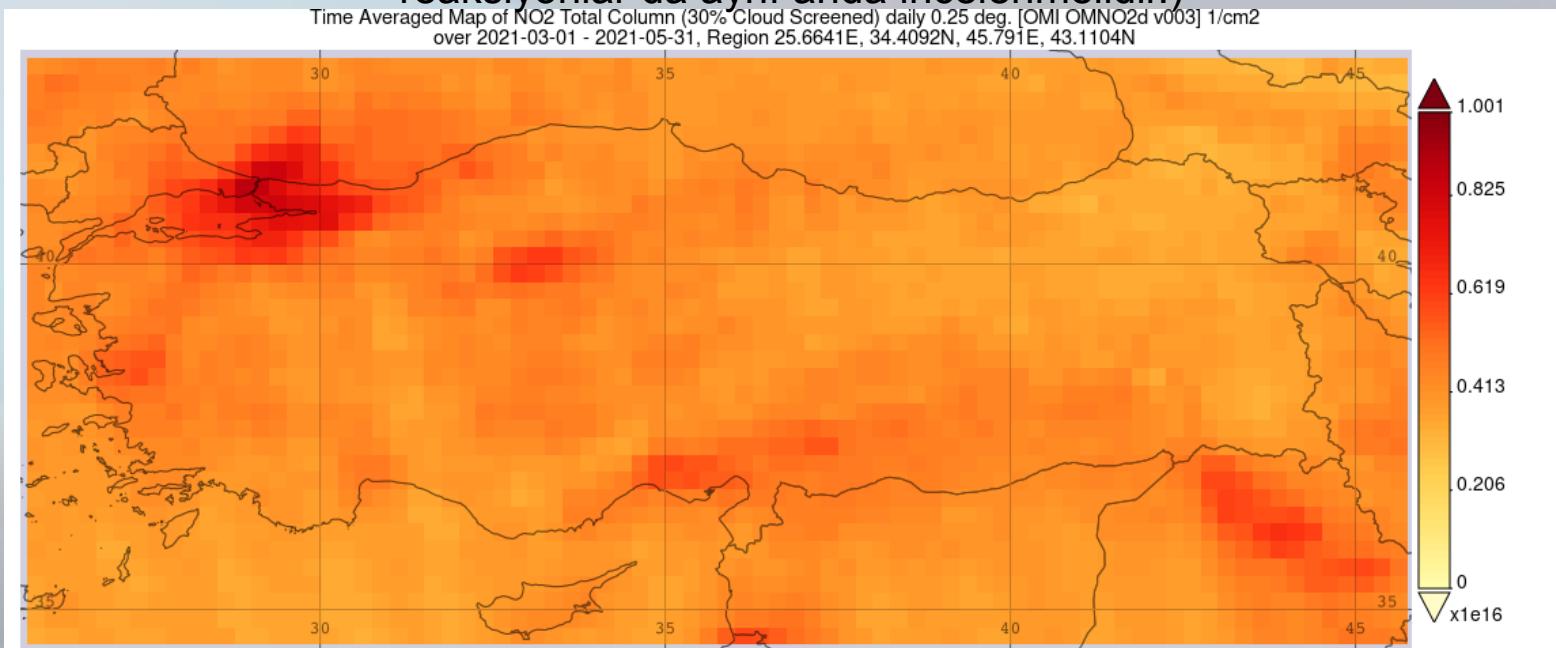


<http://www.tropomi.eu/data-products/nitrogen-dioxide>



Toplam NO<sub>2</sub> kolonu 1 Mart – 31 Mayıs 2020 (üst), 2021 (alt)

Covid-19 kısıtlamalarının etkileri (not: kesin yargıda bulunmak için meteoroloji ve atmosferik reaksiyonlar da aynı anda incelenmelidir.)



# Orman Yangınları

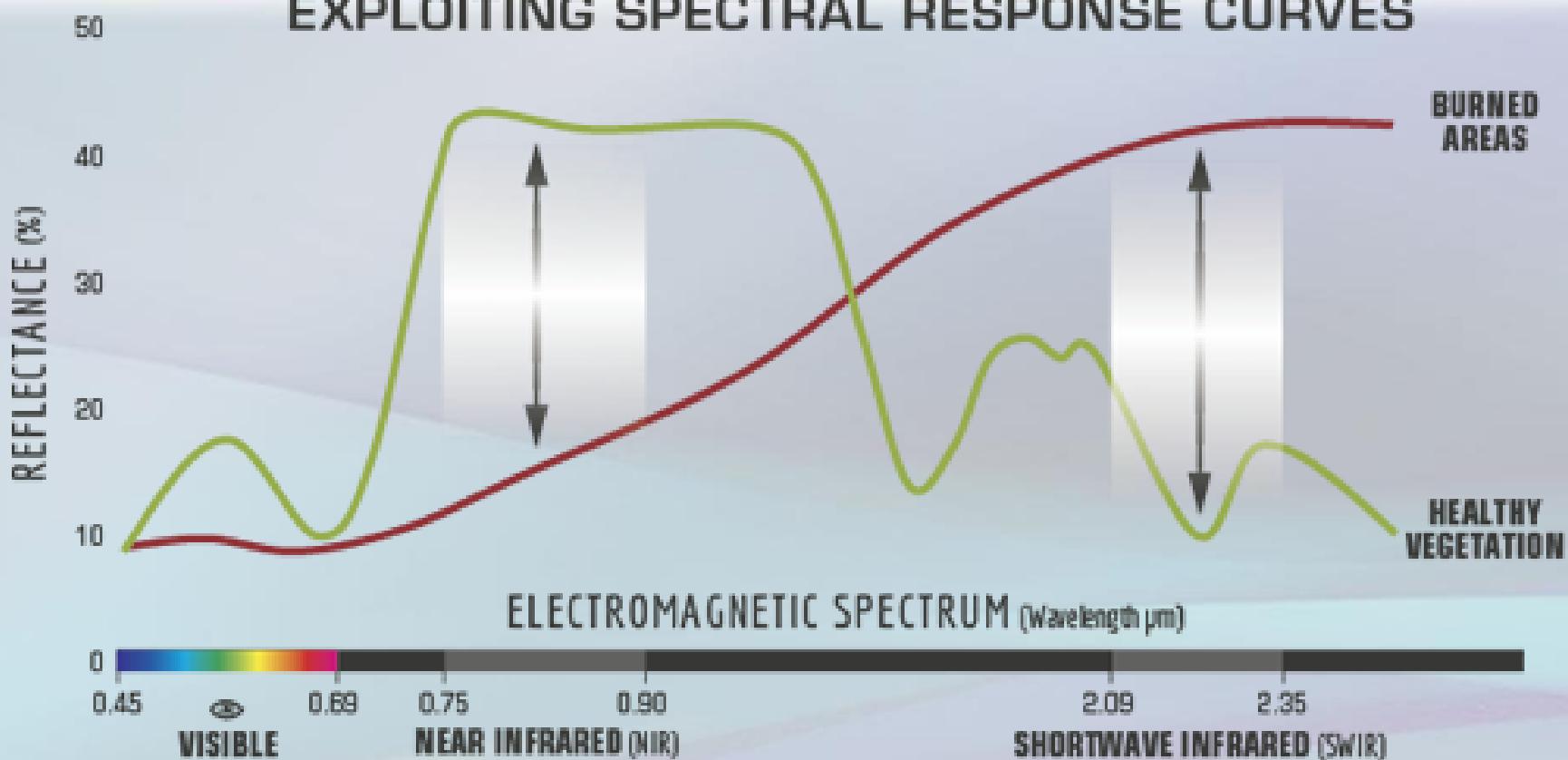


Landsat-8 OLI gerçek renk görüntü (31 Temmuz 2021)

<https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/images/148650/fires-rage-in-turkey>

# Yanan Alanların Yansıma Özelliklerinin Değişmesi

EXPLOITING SPECTRAL RESPONSE CURVES



$$\text{Normalized burn ratio (NBR)} = \frac{(NIR - SWIR)}{(NIR + SWIR)}$$

<https://towardsdatascience.com/monitoring-wildfires-using-earth-observation-satellites-e3ee7113bae4>